# CANNABIS AND THE BRAIN:

KNOW THE FACTS

Did you know? The brain continues to develop until the age of 25 and some compounds in cannabis (e.g., THC) can change the way brain cells communicate with one another. Find out how cannabis compounds can affect different parts of the brain.

# **SENSES**

The occipital lobe processes vision, • spatial cues, and movement.

#### **IMPACT** of cannabis:

- visual perception
- ability to judge distances

# **MOVEMENT AND COORDINATION**

The **cerebellum** controls movement • and coordination.

## **IMPACT** of cannabis:

- feelings of dizziness
- a loss of balance/coordination

# THINKING, PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING

The **hippocampus** registers and stores memories. •

#### **IMPACT** of cannabis:

- memory loss
- · difficulty learning new things
- · difficulty making decisions

## **FEELINGS, EMOTIONS** AND BEHAVIOUR

The **nucleus accumbens** regulates motivation and is part of the brain's pleasure and reward system.

### **IMPACT** of cannabis:

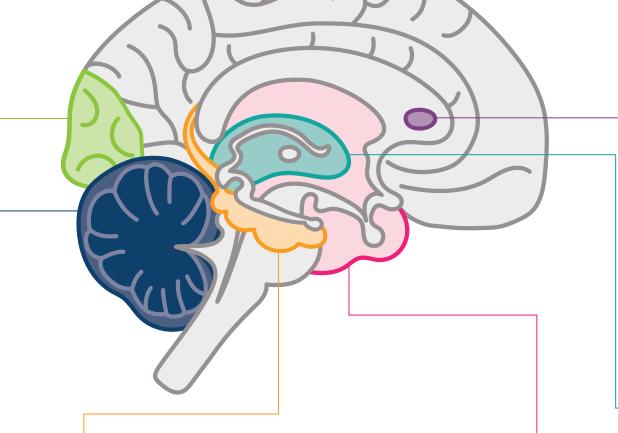
- feeling "high" when using
- developing a dependence on or addiction to cannabis

# **INTEGRATION OF INFORMATION** AND PERCEPTION

The **thalamus** integrates and helps make sense of information.

#### **IMPACT** of cannabis:

- loss of coordination
- changes to sleep-wake cycle
- psychosis or schizophrenia (in those who are vulnerable)



# **FEELINGS AND EMOTIONS**

The **limbic system** regulates emotions.

### **IMPACT** of cannabis:

- feeling happy, excited, calm
- feeling anxious, depressed, paranoid